24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA





Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage
- Power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range
- Power Boost of 150% for 3 seconds
- Full corrosion resistant aluminium chassis
- SEMI F47 certified
- Hazardous Locations approval to ATEX and Class I, Div 2

Safety Standards













CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: DRP024V120W1AA

Unit Weight: 0.54 kg

Dimensions (L x W x D): 121 x 50 x 118.7 mm

General Description

The DRP024V120W1AA is part of the CliQ DIN rail power supply series from one of the world's leading power supply companies, Delta Electronics Group. The rugged metal has a compact body at only 32mm, which is both shock and vibration resistant according to IEC 60068-2 standard. The product operates within a wide temperature range from -20°C to +80°C. The DRP024V120W1AA features universal AC input voltage range from 85Vac to 264Vac and the power will not de-rate for the entire input voltage range. The single phase power supply unit includes overvoltage, overcurrent, over temperature and short circuit protections. The product features built-in Power Boost of 150% for 3 seconds. Such feature enables reserve power to be always available for reliable startup of loads with high inrush current, thus eliminating the need of a more expensive power supply unit at higher power rating. Another great feature is the conformal coating on the PCBA which allows DRP024V120W1AA to be certified to ATEX and Class I, Div 2 for use in hazardous

Model Information

CliQ DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current
DRP024V120W1AA	85-264Vac (120-375Vdc)	24Vdc	5.00A

Model Numbering

DR	Р	024V	120W	1	Α	Α
DIN Rail	Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	CliQ Series	Metal Case



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Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240Vac
Input Voltage Range	85-264Vac
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63Hz
DC Input Voltage Range*	120-375Vdc
Input Current	< 1.40A @ 115Vac, < 0.80A @ 230Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	> 86.0% @ 115Vac, > 87.0% @ 230Vac
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	< 80A @ 115Vac, < 150A @ 230Vac
Power Factor at 100% Load	> 0.98 @ 115Vac, > 0.87 @ 230Vac
Leakage Current	< 1mA @ 240Vac

^{*}Safety approval according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1.

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage	24Vdc			
Output Voltage Tolerance	± 2% (initial set point tolerance from factory)			
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	22-28Vdc			
Output Current	5.00A (continuously operating at 24) 7.50A (Power Boost for 3 seconds at 24V, refer to the details in the Functions section) 120W (continuously operating at 24V) 180W (Power Boost for 3 seconds at 24V, refer to the details in the Functions section)			
Output Power				
Line Regulation	< 0.5% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 100% load)			
Load Regulation	< 1% typ. (@ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% load)			
PARD (20MHz)	< 240mVpp			
Rise Time	< 100ms @ nominal input (100% load)			
Start-up Time	< 1,000ms @ nominal input (100% load)			
Hold-up Time	> 35ms @ 115Vac, > 70ms @ 230Vac (100% load)			
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 10-100% load			
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	10,000μF Max			



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Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium	
Dimensions (L x W x D)		121 x 50 x 118.7 mm	
Unit Weight		0.54 kg	
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)	
Cooling System		Convection	
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 300V/20A)	
	Output	2 Pins (Rated 300V/20A)	
Wire		AWG 22-14	
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715	
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40dBA	

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-20°C to +80°C	
	Storage	-25°C to +85°C	
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C	
	Horizontal Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C, > 70°C de-rate power by 4% / °C	
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,000 Meters (@ 50°C)	
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300m/S²) for a duration of 18ms 3 times per direction, 18 times in total	
Vibration (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-6, 10Hz to 150Hz @ 50m/S² (5G peak); 90 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction	
Pollution Degree		2	

Protections

Overvoltage	32V ±10%, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	> 150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

^{*}PE: Primary Earth



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Reliability Data

	> 500,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipment in Power Installations	EN 50178 / IEC 62103		
Electrical Safety		SIQ to EN 60950-1, UL/cUL recognized to UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395), CSA to CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 and UL 60950-1, CB scheme to IEC 60950-1	
Industrial Control Equipment		UL/cUL listed to UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-0 (File No. E315355), CSA to CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. 181564)	
Hazardous Location / ATEX		cCSAus to CSA C22.2 No. 213-M1987 and ANSI / ISA 12.12.01:2007 Class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C, D T4, Ta= -20°C to +80°C (> +50°C derating) EN 60079-0:2009, EN 60079-15:2010 (← II 3G Ex nA	
		IIC T4 Gc, Ta= -20°C to +80°C (> +50°C derating))	
★ II 3G ATEX 94/9/EC; IECEx test report		Certificate No. EPS 09 ATEX 1 215 X; For IEC 60079-0, IEC 60079-15	
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC	
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant	
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	4.0KVac	
	Input to Ground	1.5KVac	
Output to		1.5KVac	



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EMC

EMC / Emissions	CISPR 22, EN 55022, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B		
Immunity to		EN 55024, EN 61000-6-1	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV	
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz)	
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 2kV	
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 2kV	
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms	
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ 100A/Meter	
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable	
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1Kv	
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A	
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3	
Voltage Sag Immunity		SEMI F47 - 0706, at 130Vac	

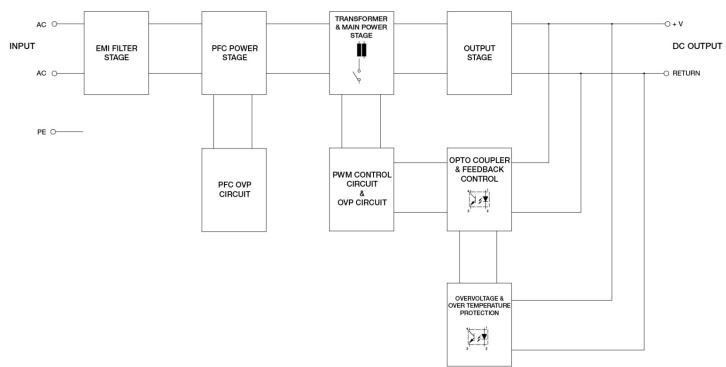
¹⁾ Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits



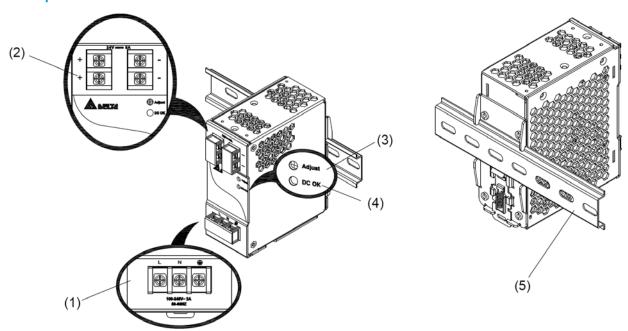
²⁾ Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth) 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Block Diagram



Device Description



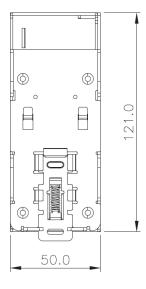
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting rail system

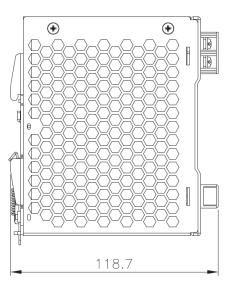


24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Dimensions

L x W x D: 121 x 50 x 118.7 mm







Engineering Data

De-rating

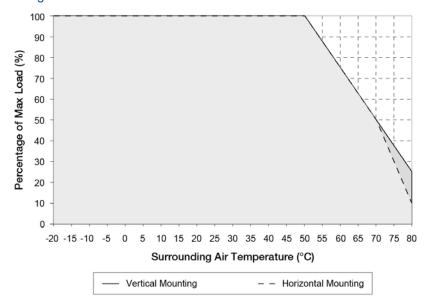


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation

- > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C,
- > 70°C de-rate power by 4% / °C

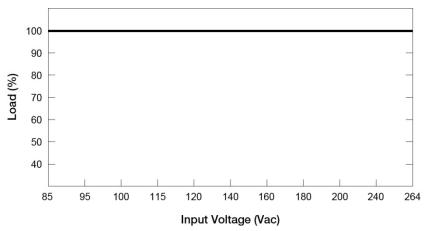
Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature > 50°C, the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance of 20mm (for Vertical Mounting) or 50mm (for Horizontal Mounting) with adjacent units while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage



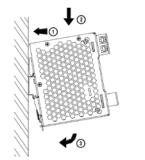
No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range

Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

Mounting



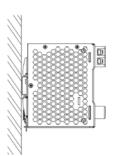
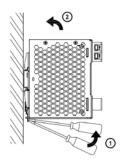


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

Dismounting



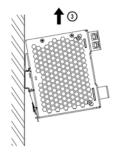


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 50950, flexible cables require ferrules.

Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of at least 75°C or more to fulfill UL requirements.

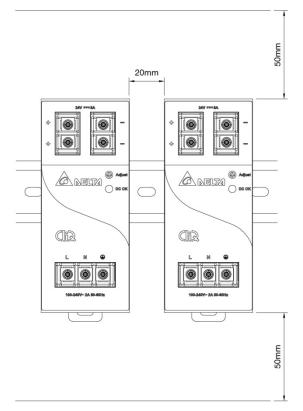
For stranded wires it is recommended to use suitable lug to crimp wires.



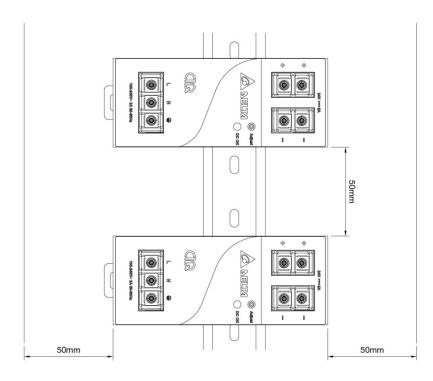
24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting



Horizontal Mounting



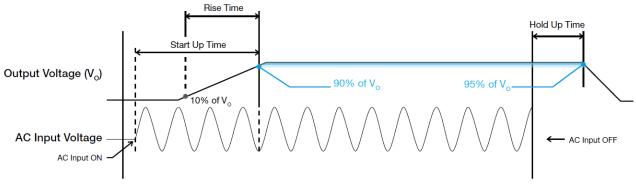
- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm (for Vertical Mounting) or 50mm (for Horizontal Mounting) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- Only plug in and unplug connectors when power is turned off!
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies unit must be installed in an IP54 enclosure or cabinet in the final installation. The enclosure or cabinet must comply with EN 60079-0 or EN 60079-15.
- CAUTION: "For use in a controlled environment".
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment unless the power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Functions

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

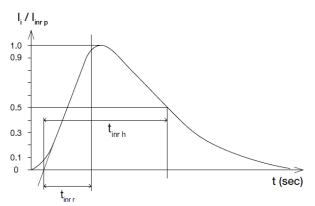
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its set value.

Hold-up Time

Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 90% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.

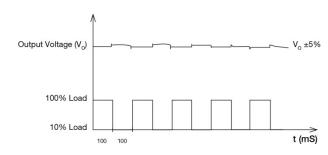
Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within ±5% of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 10 to 100% of its rated current.

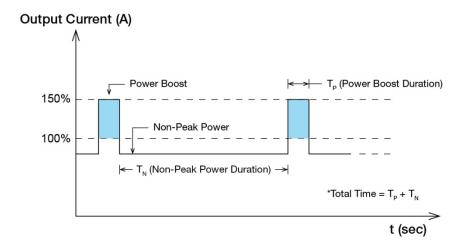




24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Power Boost

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 150% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 3 seconds. The Power Boost is also available to repeatedly basis with according to the condition of an average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed continuous operating condition or refer to duty cycle calculation below.



$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non-Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-Peak Power} = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W _P)	Power Boost Duration (T _P)	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W _N)	Non-Peak Power Duration (T _N)	Total Time (T)
150%	180	3 sec	10%	113W	27 sec	30 sec
150%	180	3 sec	35%	87W	5.5 sec	8.5 sec
120%	144	6 sec	20%	114W	24 sec	30 sec
120%	144	6 sec	35%	107W	11 sec	17 sec

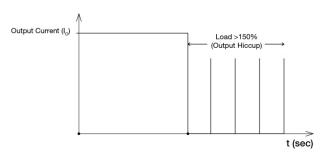
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Overload & Overcurrent Protections

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 150% of I_O (Max load). In such occurrence, the V_O will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and I_O is back within the specifications.



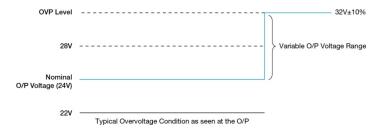
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of $I_{\rm O}$ when it is <150% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". The power supply doesn't shut down but goes in 2nd level regulation at 30-32Vdc and continue to deliver the power. According to high output voltage which will be operating > 100% of rated load (32V x rated output current), if this condition persists, the power supply will sense OTP (Over Temperature Protection) and will go under hiccup mode. The power will return to normal operation once the fault condition is removed.



Over Temperature Protection

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Operating Mode

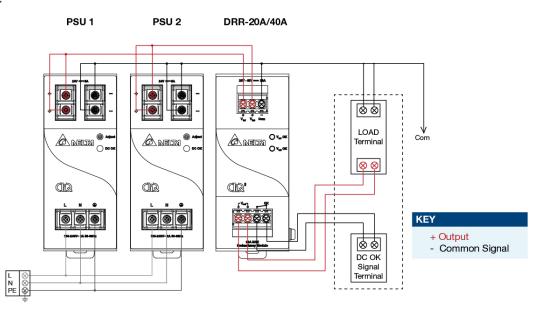


Fig. 3 Redundancy / Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

Redundancy Operation

In order to ensure proper redundancy operation for the power supply unit (PSU), ensure that the output voltage difference between the two units is kept at 0.45~0.50V for 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to verify:

Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then Vo of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2.

In order to set the output voltage, connect the power supply to 50% load and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

Step 2

Connect the right DRR module, 20A as per the system requirement to the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 respectively.

Step 3.

Connect the system load from V_{out} . Please note that output voltage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_O (output voltage of power supply) - V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

Parallel Operation

These DRR modules can also be used for Parallel function in order to increase the output power by N+1 (e.g. 2.5A + 2.5A = 5A or 2.5A + 2.5A = 7.5A) or current sharing, and thus increasing the power supply and system reliability. Though the DRP024V120W1AA is not designed for current sharing, a good current sharing between two power supplies can be achieved by following simple steps as below (Refer to Fig. 3 for the Connection Diagram).

Step 1.

Set output load condition for both supplies at 50% and measure the output voltages.

Step 2.

Adjust output voltages to the same level or within ±25mV difference.

Step 3.

Connect PSU 1 and PSU 2 with the DRR-20A module and measure at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 to verify the voltage difference. Ensure the voltages are within $\pm 25 \text{mV}$.

Step 4.

Output voltage from DRR module V_{out} will be = V_{O} (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^{*} (in DRR module).

^{*}V_{drop} will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRP024V120W1AA

Others

Delta RoHS Compliant



Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2





Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

